BIBLICAL HEBREW II

2025–2026 Second Term Mon 9:30pm–11:15pm YIA 403; Thur 10:30am–11:15pm ELB 403 [Program: MDiv]

Course Code: THEO5302

Title in English: Biblical Hebrew II
Title in Chinese: 聖經希伯來文 (二)

Course Description:

This course, a sequel to THEO 5301 Biblical Hebrew I, will continue to follow the textbook, Learn Biblical Hebrew by John H. Dobson (2005), covering Lessons 14-25. It will cover all the *binyanim* (or stems) of Hebrew as well as understanding concepts of Hebrew syntax, function of prepositions and the principles of translating narratives and poetry. In particular, we shall read the Masoretic Text of the book of Jonah (a narrative with a poem) with the help of the Lexicon and other Bible aids.

Learning Outcomes:

Knowledge Outcomes:

The students will be competent in the following abilities:

- (1) recognize every component in the parts of speech learned in THEO3217
- (2) identify the binyanim (or stem) and functions of all verbs
- (3) recall the forms and functions of the prepositions and particles
- (4) identify, recognize at least 500 of the most common Biblical Hebrew words found in the Hebrew Bible
- (5) search words in the Biblical Hebrew dictionaries and lexicons and explain the entries, in particular the BDB Lexicon.
- (6) parse and translate given phrases/sentences and the book of Jonah
- (7) use the parsing tools from the internet and/or computer software

Attitude Outcomes:

The students will

- (1) be confident to read a Biblical Hebrew passage on their own with the necessary tools
- (2) develop the habit of reading Biblical Hebrew passages
- (3) appreciate the basic tasks to do exegesis and interpretation

List of Topics

Topics	Contents and Concepts
1, Infinitives	1. Infinitive construct. 2. Infinite absolute
2. Participles	1. The Participle forms and sufformatives.
	2. The functions of Active and Passive participles.
3. The General	1. The significance of each <i>binyan</i> and how to distinguish them.
Uses of the	2. The list of uses for each <i>binyan</i> .
binyanim	
4. The Qal and	1. The paradigms for Qal and Niphal.
Niphal	2. The functions of Qal and Niphal.
5. The Piel and Pual	1. The paradigms for Piel and Pual.
	2. The functions of Piel and Pual.
6. The Hiphil and	1. The paradigms for Hiphil and Hophal.
Hophal	2. The functions of Hiphil and Hophal.

7. The Hithpael and	1. The paradigms for Hithpael and the other <i>binyanim</i> .
the other binyanim	2. The functions of Hithpael and the other <i>binyanim</i> .
8. Using BDB	1. The format of a Biblical Hebrew Dictionary and Lexicon.
Lexicon	2. Understanding the division of root words.
	3. The steps to retrieving the meanings for the word searched.
	4. Interpreting the information from the dictionary and lexicon.
9. Wishes, Oaths	1. The biblical Hebrew expressions for wishes and oaths.
and Conditions	2. The common words and pattern for such expressions.
	3. The common words and format for conditional statements.
10. The Narrative	1. Revision of the waPC.
forms with other	2. The different conjugation and expressions before the waPC verbs.
verb forms	3. How to distinguish and translate different occurrences of the waPC in various
	contexts.
11. Sentence and	The different ways biblical Hebrew begins passages – narratives and non-narratives
Clause Beginnings	and how to translate them.
12. The Perfective	1. Revision of the SC and PC.
and Imperfective	2. Consideration of more complex contexts and how to translate appropriately.
Verbs	,
13. Sentence and	Functions of these sequences:
Clause Sequences	1. SC + wSC forms.
	2. SC + waPC.
	3. PC + wPC.
	4. Clauses that begin with some particles.
	5. PC + wSC.
	6. Imperatives + imperatives.
	7. Imperative + wPC.
	8. Participle + waPC.
	9. Participle + wSC.
	10. Infinitive + waPC.
	11. Infinitive + wSC.
	12. 5 conjunctions.
14. Translating	Characteristics of biblical Hebrew poetry: balance and parallelism.
Hebrew Poetry	2. Expressions of balance and parallelisms: chiasmus and alphabetic.
Trebrew rockry	3. Language of biblical Hebrew poetry.
	4. Issues in translation.
15. Prepositions	Summarize the types and most common occurrences of some prepositions.
15.110031110113	2. Determining the possible best meaning for a preposition.
16. Idioms and	Learn some common idiomatic expressions in biblical Hebrew and their meanings,
Areas of Meanings	or areas of meanings according to the context and interpreting their functions.
17. Learn Bible Aids	Introduce various aids from the internet and/or computer software.
from Internet and	2. How to access the parsing functions and interpret meaningfully from these aids.
	2. How to access the parsing functions and interpret meaningfully from these alds.
Computer Software	

Learning Activities:

We will do a lot of drilling exercises through different forms: in songs, oral recitation, oral exercises, dialogue and writing exercises. There will be reinforcements through one to one and small group interactions throughout the course.

Feedback for Evaluation:

Two course evaluations will be conducted. The first will be done midway through the course which is tailored to facilitate better progress through the course. The second will be conducted by the university wide exercise.

Course Components:

The course consists of lectures, oral drills, written assignments and a lot of memorization, self and group revisions. The time allocation (on average per week) of the learning activities is as follows:

Lecture Class interaction			Excursion/ Web-based Learning		Reading and research		Written assignments		
In	Out of	In	Out of	In	Out of	In	Out of	In	Out of
class	Class	class	Class	class	Class	class	Class	class	Class
1.2 hrs	NA	1 hr	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.5 hrs	0.5 hr	2 hrs
M M		M		M		M			
M: Mandatory activity in the course O: Optional activity									

Assessment Scheme:

Task Nature and Weightage	Purpose and Rationale	Learning Outcomes
1. Compulsory Attendance and Active	Language courses require	1.Students can follow the
Participation (6%)	constant drilling, and due	progress of each topic
Students must participate proactively in	to the fact that Biblical	smoothly.
class as required:	Hebrew is a dead	2.Students build upon each new
Proactive refers to learning activities	language, absence from	concept of the language based
where students are expected to verbalize	any period will result in	on the previous one.
pronunciation of words learned, sing,	difficulties to catch up for	3.Students can reinforce the
recite verbally – all in audible volume to	each class period.	learning through active use of
their partners, or instructor or to keep		the language.
pace with the whole class.	1. Students will follow the	4.Student learns to reinforce
	smooth progress of	their own understanding with
Should foreseeable circumstances	building upon each topic	co-learners and the instructor.
prevent a student from attending a class,	as the language is taught.	
the student must notify the instructor		
and teaching assistant (TA) by email. The	2. Students get	
student is expected to make up the	immediate	
missing class on his/her own through the	reinforcements for each	
materials posted on Blackboard and/or	new word or concept	
personal arrangement with the instructor	learned.	
and TA.		
2. 12 Vocabulary Quizzes (12%)	To acquire the basic	Student will identify and
Week 1: Quizlet Set 3-A + D 11.2, 11.4	vocabulary.	recognize at least 500 of the most
column 1, 11.8, 11.9 column 1		common Biblical Hebrew words
Week 2: Quizlet Set 3-B + D 13.10		found in the Hebrew Bible.
column 2		
Week 3: Quizlet Set 3-C		
Week 4: Quizlet Set 3-D + D all verbs in		
15.2 – 15.4 Week 5: Quizlet Set 3-E		
Week 6: Quizlet Set 3-F + D all Hiphil/		
Hophal verbs in 16.4 – 16.5		
Week 7: Quizlet Set 3-G		
Week 7: Quiziet Set 3-G Week 8: Quiziet Set 4-A + + D all		
Hithpael verbs in 17.1 – 17.5		
Week 9: Quizlet Set 4-B		
Week 10: Quizlet Set 4-C		
Week 11: Quizlet Set 4-D		
Week 12: Quizlet Set 4-E		
(A vocabulary quiz will be given every		
Thursday, except Week 13.)		

3. 6 Grammar and Translation Quizzes	The quizzes are to	1.Students' memorization of the
(30%)	reinforce the	binyanim paradigms will aid the
Quiz 1: Infinitives and participles; the	accumulation of the	learning progress of the forms
General Uses of the binyanim (D	foundational binyanim	and uses of the verbs
p. 159)	paradigms. Regular	foundational to the language.
Quiz 2: Paradigm for Qal and Niphal +	parsing in the quizzes are	2.Students will reinforce earlier
parsing	to keep up and reinforce	grammar and vocabularies
Quiz 3: Paradigm for Piel and Pual +	the vocabularies and	learned earlier through the
parsing	paradigms learned earlier	parsing component in the
Quiz 4: Paradigm for Hiphil and Hophal +	and also new	quizzes.
parsing	vocabularies.	3.Students will be able to read
Quiz 5: Paradigm for Hithpael + parsing		and understand more complex
Quiz 6: Translation and parsing of a		sentences in the Hebrew Bible.
selected text		4.Students will be able to parse
		phrases as they read and will be
		able to process the meanings of
		the words automatically.
		5.Students learn how to use the
		Biblical Hebrew Lexicons and
		Dictionaries. Students learn the
		technical format and how to
		retrieve the relevant meanings
		for the word searched.
4. Written Assignments (22%)	To grasp Biblical Hebrew	1.Students reinforce the concepts
During class lectures, the instructor will	fully, the written form is	by active application of the
assign a few written assignments where	quintessential. It aids	language through these written
students are required to write on the	recognition and	assignments.
board, or on their own	reinforces memory.	2.Students get the opportunity
notebooks. Students are expected to	Writing out the	for immediate reinforcements
follow these instructions and attempt to	assignments retains the	in class through these
complete them.	learning in concrete form.	assignments.
5. Final Test (30%)	This final test wraps up	Same as Task #2.
This test comprises of selected passages	the end of the basics of	
learned throughout the course. Besides	the course.	
parsing, there will be questions covering		
topics learned from THEO3217-18.		

Recommended Learning Resources:

Textbooks (required):

Dobson, John H. *Learn Biblical Hebrew*. 2nd edition with Audio CD-Rom. Grand Rapids: Baker Academic, 2005. [**D**; UL PJ4567.3 .D63 2014]

Brown, Francis, S.R. Driver, and Charles A. Briggs, eds. *A Hebrew and English Lexicon of the Old Testament*. Oxford: Clarendon, 1907. (CC Ref PJ4833 .G4 1907; http://www.ericlevy.com/revel/bdb/bdb/main.htm)

Recommended Learning Resources:

Cook, J.A. and Holmstedt, R.D. *Beginning Biblical Hebrew*. Grand Rapids, Michigan: Baker Academic, 2013. [UL PJ4567.3 .C66 2013]

Kahn, Lily. *The Routledge Introductory Course in Biblical Hebrew*. New York, NY: Routledge, 2014. [UL PJ4567.3 .K34 2014]

Kelley, Page H. *Biblical Hebrew: An Introduction Grammar*. Grand Rapids, MI: W.B. Eerdmans, 1992. (2nd Edition revised by Timothy G. Crawfod, 2018)

Pratico, Gary D. and Miles V. van Pelt. *Basics of Biblical Hebrew Grammar*. 2nd edition. Grand Rapids, MI: Zondervan, 2014. [UL Oversize PJ4567.3 .P73 2014]

Seow, Choon-Leong. *A Grammar for Biblical Hebrew*. Rev. ed.; Nashville: Abingdon, 1995. [UL PJ4567 .S424 1995]

Webster, Brian L. *The Cambridge Introduction to Biblical Hebrew*. Cambridge, NY: Cambridge University, 2009. [UL PJ4567.3 .W357 2009]

Internet Resources:

Introduction to Resources over Internet: http://ehebrew.net/learn-ancient-hebrew/

Animated Hebrew (Cartoon): http://www.animatedhebrew.com/

eteacher Biblical Hebrew (Free Lesson): http://eteacherbiblical.com/free-lessons

App Resources:

Quizlet – Join soniawk's class "Biblical Hebrew I" for Vocabulary Sets 1-A to 4-E.

Write It! Hebrew; Hebrew Flashcards; Bible App by Olive Tree

Course Schedule:

Week	Date	Торіс		
	Jan 5 (M)	Introduction: Revision of Basic Grammar and Biblical Hebrew;		
1		D Lessons 12 and 13: Infinitives and Participles		
	Jan 8 (Th)	D Introduction to lessons 14–17; Learning to use BDB;		
		Introduction to binyanim: The General Uses of the binyanim		
2	Jan 12 (M)	D Lesson 14: The Qal and Niphal; Reading Psalm 23		
	Jan 15 (Th)	Quiz 1; Reading and parsing exercise 1		
3	Jan 19 (M)	D Lesson 18 Wishes, Oaths, and Conditions		
3	Jan 22 (Th)	Reading and parsing exercise 2		
4	Jan 26 (M)	D Lesson 15: The Piel and Pual		
4	Jan 29 (Th)	Quiz 2; Reading and parsing exercise 3		
F	Feb 2 (M)	D Lesson 19: Narrative Forms		
5	Feb 5 (Th)	Reading, parsing Psalm 23, and parsing exercise 4		
6	Feb 9 (M)	D Lesson 16: The Hiphil and Hophal		
В	Feb 12 (Th)	Quiz 3; Reading and parsing exercise 5		
	Feb 16 (M)			
	Feb 19 (Th)	Lunar Near Year Vocation. No Class.		
7	Feb 23 (M)	D Lesson 20: Sentence and Clause Beginnings		
,	Feb 26 (Th)	Quiz 4; Reading and parsing Jonah 1A		
	Mar 2 (M)	Reading Week. No Class.		
	Mar 5 (Th)			
8	Mar 9 (M)	D Lesson 17: The Hithpael and the other binyanim		
٥	Mar 12 (Th)	Reading and parsing Jonah 1B		
9	Mar 16 (M)	D Lesson 21: Perfective and Imperfective Verbs		
9	Mar 19 (Th)	Quiz 5; Reading and parsing Jonah 3		
10	Mar 23 (M)	D Lesson 22: Sentence and Clause Sequences		
10	Mar 26 (Th)	Reading and parsing Jonah 4		
11	Mar 30 (M)	D Lesson 23: Translating Hebrew Poetry		
11	Apr 2 (Th)	Quiz 6; Reading and parsing poetry		
12	Apr 6 (M)	The Day following Ching Ming Festival. No Class		
	Apr 9 (Th)	Revision; Learning to use Bible Aids from Internet and Computer Software		
13	Apr 13 (M)	D Lessons 24– 25 Prepositions and Idioms		
12	Apr 16 (Th)	Reading and parsing poetry		
Makeup	Apr 20 (M)	Final Test (Time and Venue to be confirmed in class)		

Contact Details for Teacher and Teaching Assistant:

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Office Hour: By Appointment

TA: TBA Email: TBA

Grade Descriptors:

Grade	Standard	Descriptors
Α	Excellent	Outstanding performance on all learning outcomes. Demonstrates
A-	Very Good	precision and accuracy throughout. Able to analyse, apply and explain
		concepts as well as recall relevant and accurate information and sources
		spontaneously when texts are given.
B+		Substantial performance overall and fulfils most learning outcomes with
В		above average competency. Indicates ability to analyse, apply and explain
B-	Good	concepts fluently. A good demonstration of the ability to recall relevant
		information and sources when texts are given.
C+		Satisfactory performance overall, shows an average grasp in most of the
С		learning outcomes. Indicates adequate ability to analyse, apply and explain
C-	Fair	concepts but may not be as consistent. An average and general consistent
		performance to recall relevant information and sources when texts are
		given.
D+		Barely satisfactory performance overall, shows less than average in some
D	Pass	of the learning outcomes. Indicates a general ability to analyse, apply and
		explain concepts when cues are provided. A passable ability to recall
		relevant information and sources with some guidance provided when texts
		are given.
F	Failure	Unsatisfactory performance on a number of learning outcomes, OR failure
		to meet specified assessment requirements. Demonstrates lacking ability
		to analyse, apply and concepts even when cues are provided. Unable to
		process a given text satisfactorily.

Use of AI Tools: Approach 2 – Use only with prior permission

Students are allowed to use AI tools in some scenarios or some learning activities and/or assessments but not in others. Teachers should clearly inform students which AI tools students are allowed to use, and when and how they can and cannot use these tools. For instance, use of an AI tool for checking grammar may not be allowed in a course with a learning outcome related to students' writing skills. Teachers should also make clear the rationale for allowing these tools in some situations but not allowing them in others, and how these tools ought to be cited or otherwise acknowledged. Such information should be spelt out clearly in the course outline or learning activity/assessment guide. It is also important to help students understand the appropriate uses of these tools and the limits of such usage.

Academic Honesty and Plagiarism: The CUHK policy and regulations regarding academic honesty apply to all work in this course. Information in this regard may be found at the following link: http://www.cuhk.edu.hk/policy/academichonesty/.