THEO5302 Biblical Hebrew II

聖經希伯來文(二)

Lecturer: Dr. LI Kwan Hung Leo (email: khlileo@cuhk.edu.hk) 2018-2019 2nd Term Mon 2:30pm-4:15pm CCT T31; Thur 11:30am-12:15pm CCT T31

Course Description

This course, a sequel to THEO 3217 Biblical Hebrew I, will continue to follow the textbook, *Learn Biblical Hebrew* by John H. Dobson (2005), covering Lessons 14-25. It will cover all the *binyanim* (or stem) of Hebrew as well as understanding concepts of Hebrew syntax, function of prepositions and the principles of translating narratives and poetry. In particular, we shall read the Masoretic Text of the book of Jonah (a narrative with a poem) with the help of the Lexicon and other Bible aids.

Course Objectives

Knowledge Outcomes

The students will be competent in the following abilities:

- 1. recognize every component in the parts of speech learned in THEO 3217
- 2. identify the binyanim (or stem) and functions of all verbs
- 3. recall the forms and functions of the prepositions and particles
- 4. identify, recognize at least 500 of the most common Biblical Hebrew words found in the Hebrew Bible
- 5. search words in the Biblical Hebrew dictionaries and lexicons and explain the entries, in particular the BDB Lexicon
- 6. parse and translate given phrases/sentences and the book of Jonah
- 7. use the parsing tools from the internet and/or computer software
- 8. read and translate short narrative passages and some poems from the Hebrew Bible
- 9. read and comment on the Hebrew grammar in the book of Jonah

Attitude Outcomes

The students will

- 1. be confident to read a Biblical Hebrew passage on their own with the necessary tools
- 2. develop the habit of reading Biblical Hebrew passages
- 3. appreciate the basic tasks to do exegesis and interpretation

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List of Topics

Topics	Contents and Concepts		
1. Participles	1. The Participle forms and sufformatives.		
1. 1 minorpres	2. The functions of Active and Passive participles.		
2. The General Uses of	1. The significance of each <i>binyan</i> and how to distinguish them.		
the <i>binyanim</i>	2. The list of uses for each <i>binyan</i> .		
3. The Qal and Niphal	1. The paradigms for Qal and Niphal.		
5. The Qui and Typhai	2. The functions of Qal and Niphal.		
4. The Piel and Pual	1. The paradigms for Piel and Pual.		
	2. The functions of Piel and Pual.		
5. The Hiphil and	1. The paradigms for Hiphil and Hophal.		
Hophal	2. The functions of Hiphil and Hophal.		
6. The Hithpael and	1. The paradigms for Hithpael and the other <i>binyanim</i> .		
the other <i>binyanim</i>	2. The functions of Hithpael and the other <i>binyanim</i> .		
7. Using BDB Lexicon	1. The format of a Biblical Hebrew Dictionary and Lexicon.		
7. Using BDB Lexicon	2. Understanding the division of root words.		
	3. The steps to retrieving the meanings for the word searched.		
9 Wishes Osthe and	4. Interpreting the information from the dictionary and lexicon.		
8. Wishes, Oaths and	1. The biblical Hebrew expressions for wishes and oaths.		
Conditions	2. The common words and pattern for such expressions.		
	3. The common words and format for conditional statements.		
9. The Narrative forms	1. Revision of the waPC.		
with other verb forms	2. The different conjugation and expressions before the waPC verbs.		
10.0	3. How to distinguish and translate different occurrences of the waPC in various contexts.		
10. Sentence and	The different ways biblical Hebrew begins passages – narratives and non-narratives and how		
Clause Beginnings	to translate them.		
11. The Perfective and	1. Revision of the SC and PC.		
Imperfective Verbs	2. Consideration of more complex contexts and how to translate appropriately.		
12. Sentence and	Functions of these sequences:		
Clause Sequences	1. $SC + wSC$ forms.		
	2. SC +waPC.		
	3. PC + wPC.		
	4. Clauses that begin with some particles.		
	5. PC + wSC.		
	6. Imperatives + imperatives.		
	7. Imperative +wPC.		
	8. Participle + waPC.		
	9. Participle + wSC.		
	10. Infinitive + waPC.		
	11. Infinitive + wSC.		
	12. 5 conjunctions.		
13. Translating	1. Characteristics of biblical Hebrew poetry: balance and parallelism.		
Hebrew Poetry	2. Expressions of balance and parallelisms: chiasmus and alphabetic.		
	3. Language of biblical Hebrew poetry.		
	4. Issues in translation.		
14. Prepositions	1. Summarize the types and most common occurrences of some prepositions.		
	2. Determining the possible best meaning for a preposition.		
15. Idioms and Areas	Learn some common idiomatic expressions in biblical Hebrew and their meanings, or areas of		
of Meanings	meanings according to the context and interpreting their functions.		
16. Learn Bible	1. Introduce various aids from the internet and/or computer software.		
Aids from Internet and	2. How to access the parsing functions and interpret meaningfully from these aids.		
computer software			

Course Structure and Requirements

<u>Structure/ Input and Output</u> The class meets every Monday for 2 class periods of lecture and Thursday for another class period. A new topic will be introduced via lecture or through some class activities, and the learning will be reinforced through fulfilling class assignments and homework, followed by evaluation. For every hour of class period, students are expected to put in about 1.5 to 2 hours.

Learning Activities

We will do a lot of drilling exercises through different forms: in songs, oral recitation, oral exercises, dialogue and writing exercises. There will be reinforcements through one to one and small group interactions throughout the course.

Requirements and assessment scheme

Task Nature and Weightage	Purpose and Rationale	Learning Outcomes
1. Compulsory Attendance and Active	Language courses require	1. Students can follow the
Participation (10%)	constant drilling, and due to the fact that Biblical	progress of each topic smoothly.
A penalization of 0.5% of this grade for each missed period of tutorial/lecture. If students have valid reasons to miss lectures and tutorial sessions for 10 class periods, students are expected to withdraw from the course asap. Otherwise, a full penalization of 15% of the final grade applies. Penalization of this grade applies regardless of valid or invalid reasons. Students must participate <u>pro-actively</u> in class as required: <u>Pro-active</u> refers to learning activities where students are expected to verbalize pronunciation of words learned, sing, recite verbally – all	 Hebrew is a dead language, absence from any period will result in difficulties to catch up for each class period 1. Students will follow the smooth progress of building upon each topic as the language is taught. 2. Students get immediate reinforcements for each new word or concept learned. 	 Students build upon each new concept of the language based on the previous one. Students can reinforce the learning through active use of the language. Student learns to reinforce their own understanding with co learners and the instructor.
in audible volume to their partners, or instructor or to keep pace with the whole class. There will be penalization of the full 10% from this course if students do not engage pro-actively. Students will be pre-warned of this possibility as the class progresses.		
2. 6 Quizzes (30%)	The quizzes are to reinforce the accumulation	1. Students' memorization of the binyanim paradigms will aid the
Regular Quizzes will be held during	of the foundational	learning progress of the forms
class time. Please check the Course	<i>binyanim</i> paradigms.	and uses of the verbs
Schedule as to when these quizzes will	Regular parsing in the	foundational to the language.

 be held. What will be quizzed depending on students' pacing but the following topic will be covered: The General Uses of the <i>binyanim</i> (D p. 159); Paradigm for the <i>binyanim</i> including Qal, Niphal, Piel, Pual, Hiphil, Hophal and Hithpael; Parsing of various Hebrew verbs; Using BDB Lexicon; Translating of texts selected from the Hebrew Bible. The topic that will be covered for each quizzes will be announced over the Blackboard a week before the quiz.	quizzes are to keep up and reinforce the vocabularies and paradigms learned earlier and also new vocabularies.	 Students will reinforce earlier grammar and vocabularies learned earlier through the parsing component in the quizzes. Students will be able to read and understand more complex sentences in the Hebrew Bible. Students will be able to parse phrases as they read and will be able to process the meanings of the words automatically. Students learn how to use the Biblical Hebrew Lexicons and Dictionaries. Students learn the technical format and how to retrieve the relevant meanings for the word searched.
3. Written Assignments (30%) During class lectures, the instructor will assign written assignments where students are required to write on the board, or on their own notebooks, or papers to be submitted. Students are expected to follow these instructions and attempt to complete them. Students also need to comment on the Hebrew grammar of the selected text.	To grasp Biblical Hebrew fully, the written form is quintessential. It aids recognition and reinforces memory. Writing out the assignments retains the learning in concrete form.	 Students reinforce the concepts by active application of the language through these written assignments. Students get the opportunity for immediate reinforcements in class through these assignments. Students learn how to comment on grammatical features of the Hebrew text.
3. Final Quiz (30%) This quiz comprises of selected passages learned throughout the course. Besides parsing, there will be questions covering topics learned from THEO5301-02.	This final quiz wraps up the end of the basics of the course.	Same as Task #2.

Course Textbook

John H. Dobson, *Learn Biblical Hebrew* (2nd ed.; with Audio CD-Rom; Grand Rapids: Baker Academic, 2005). Francis Brown, S.R. Driver, and Charles A. Briggs (ed.), *A Hebrew and English Lexicon of the Old Testament* (Oxford: Clarendon, 1907). [check the latest reprint] (use can also access through the website: bible.cc)

Course Components:

The course consists of lectures, oral drills, written assignments and a lot of memorization, self and group									
revisions	revisions. The time allocation (on average per week) of the learning activities is as follows:								
Lecture		Class interaction		Excursion/ Web-based repot		Reading and research		Written assignments	
In class	Out of Class	In class	Out of Class	In class	Out of Class	In class	Out of Class	In class	Out of Class
1.2 hrs	NA	1 hr	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.5 hrs	0.5	2 hrs
M M			М		М		М		

M: Mandatory activity in the course O: Optional activity

Course Schedule

	Week 1		
7 Jan (Mon)	Introduction: Revision of Basic Grammar and Biblical Hebrew;		
	Infinitives and Participles; Jonah 1:1-3 and 3:1-4;		
10 Jan (Thur)	Introduction to binyanim: The General Uses of the binyanim.		
	(Introduction to lesson 14-17)		
	Week 2		
14 Jan (Mon)	The Qal and Niphal (Lesson 14)		
17 Jan (Thur)	Read Psalm 23		
	Week 3		
21 Jan (Mon)	Quiz 1; Lesson 19: Narrative Form		
24 Jan (Thur)	Learning to Use the BDB;		
	Dictionary Exercise (p.160-162): Jonah 1:4-16/3:5-10		
	Week 4		
28 Jan (Mon)	Piel and Pual (Lesson 15); Assignment 1		
31 Jan (Thur)	Introduction to Internet/computer aids for the analysis of Biblical Hebrew		
	Week 5		
4 Feb (Mon)	Lunar New Year Holiday		
7 Feb (Thur)	Lunar New Year Holiday		
	Week 6		
11 Feb (Mon)	Quiz 2 (Knowledge up to Week 4);		
	Lesson 20: Sentence and Clause Beginnings;		
14 Feb (Thur)	Dictionary Exercise (p.171): Jonah chapter 4; Hand in Assignment 1		
	Week 7		
18 Feb (Mon)	Hiphil and Hophal (Lesson 16)		
21 Feb (Thur)	Reading and Parsing Jonah 1:4-16;		
	Week 8		
25 Feb (Mon)	Quiz 3 (Knowledge up to Week 7);		
	Lesson 21: Perfective and Imperfective verbs		
28 Feb (Thur)	Hithpael and the other binyanim (Lesson 17); Assignment 2		

	Week 9	
4 Mar (Mon)	Quiz 4 (Knowledge up to Week 8);	
	Lesson 22: Sentence and Clause Sequences	
7 Mar (Thur)	Reading and Parsing Jonah 3:5-10	
	Week 10	
11 Mar (Mon)	Quiz 5 (Knowledge up to Week 9);	
	Lesson 18: Wishes, Oaths, and Conditions	
14 Mar (Thur)	Reading and Parsing Jonah 4:1-11; Hand in Assignment 2	
	Week 11;	
18 Mar (Mon)	Quiz 6 (Knowledge up to Week 10);	
	Lesson 23: Translate Hebrew Poetry; Jonah 2A	
21 Mar (Thur)	Reading and Parsing Jonah 2B; (Assignment 3)	
	Week 12	
25 Mar (Mon)	Lesson 24: Prepositions/ Lesson 25: Idioms and Areas of Meaning	
28 Mar (Thur)	Reading and Parsing exercise;	
	Week 13	
1 Apr (Mon)	Reading Week	
4 Apr (Thur)	Reading Week	
	Week 14	
8 Apr (Mon)	Revision	
11 Arp (Thur)	Reading and Parsing exercise	
	Week 15	
16? Apr (Tue)	Final Test (the date need to be confirm in the class)	
18? Apr (Thur)	Go through answer; Hand in Assignment 3 (the date need to be confirm in the class)	

Feedback for Evaluation

Two course evaluations will be conducted. The first will be done midway through the course which is tailored to facilitate better progress through the course. The second will be conducted by the university wide exercise.

Recommended Learning Resources:

Kahn, Lily. The Routledge Introductory Course in Biblical Hebrew. NY: Routledge, 2014.

Page, Kelley H. Biblical Hebrew: An Introduction Grammar. Grand Rapids, Michigan: W.B. Eerdmans, 1992.

- Pratico, Gary D. and Miles V. van Pelt. *Basics of Biblical Hebrew Grammar.* Grand Rapids, Michigan: Zondervan, 2001.
- Seow, Choon-Leong. A Grammar for Biblical Hebrew. Rev. ed.; Nashville: Abingdon, 1995.

Webster, Brian. The Cambridge Introduction to Biblical Hebrew. Cambridge/NY: Cambridge University, 2009.

Yeung, Philip. *Functional Hebrew: Lecture Notes with Exercises.* Hong Kong: China Graduate School of Theology, 1986.